Faculté de pharmacie

Université M de Montréal

Background

Social media are largely used in the society. Healthcare practitioners can use social media in their practice. There are opportunities and threats associated with the use of social media and information technology.

Objectives

To describe the development of web vignettes about social media and information technology in pharmacy for teaching purpose.

Methods

• This is a descriptive study.

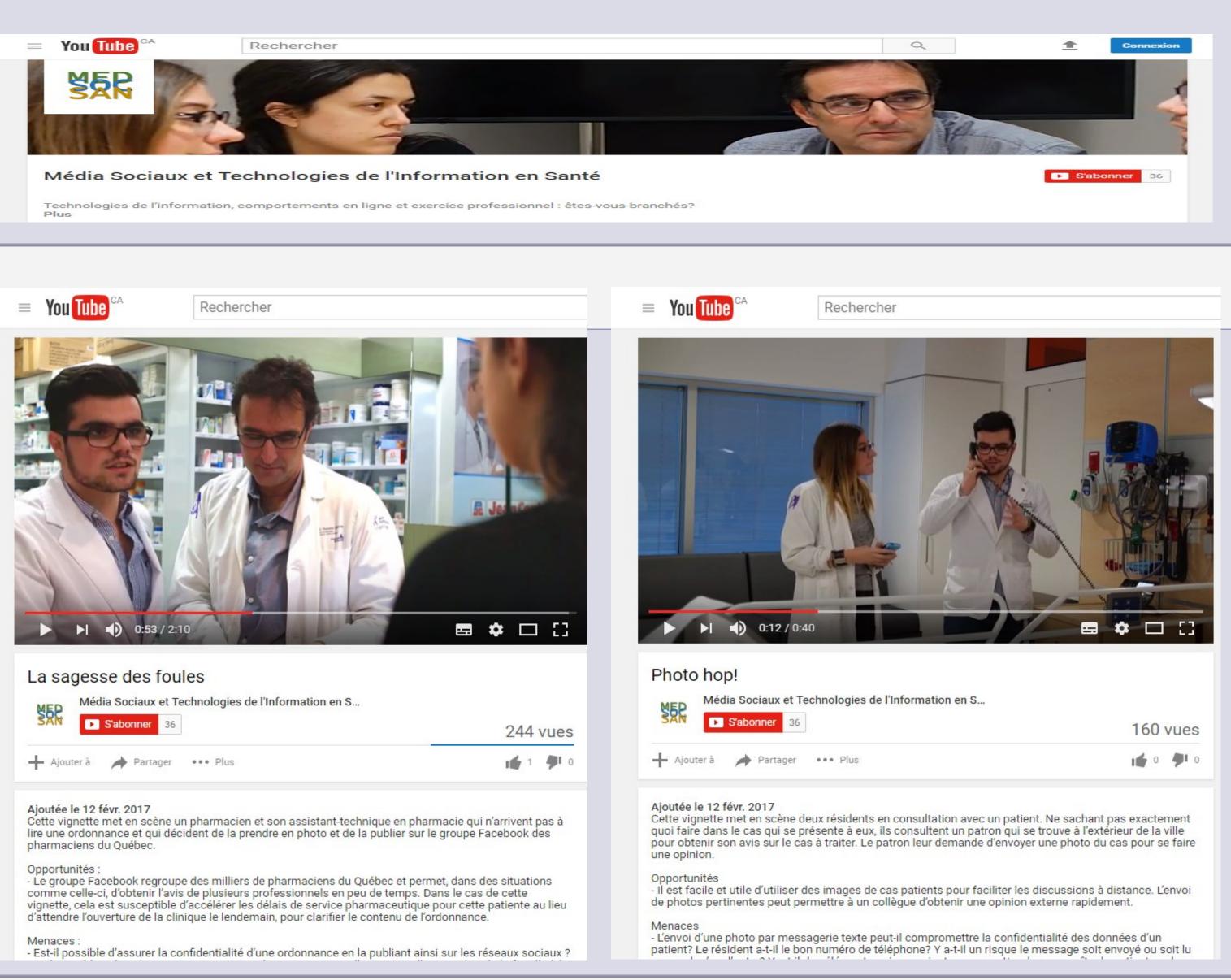
• Following a literature search and a Youtube.com scan about the use of social media and information technology by healthcare professionals, we

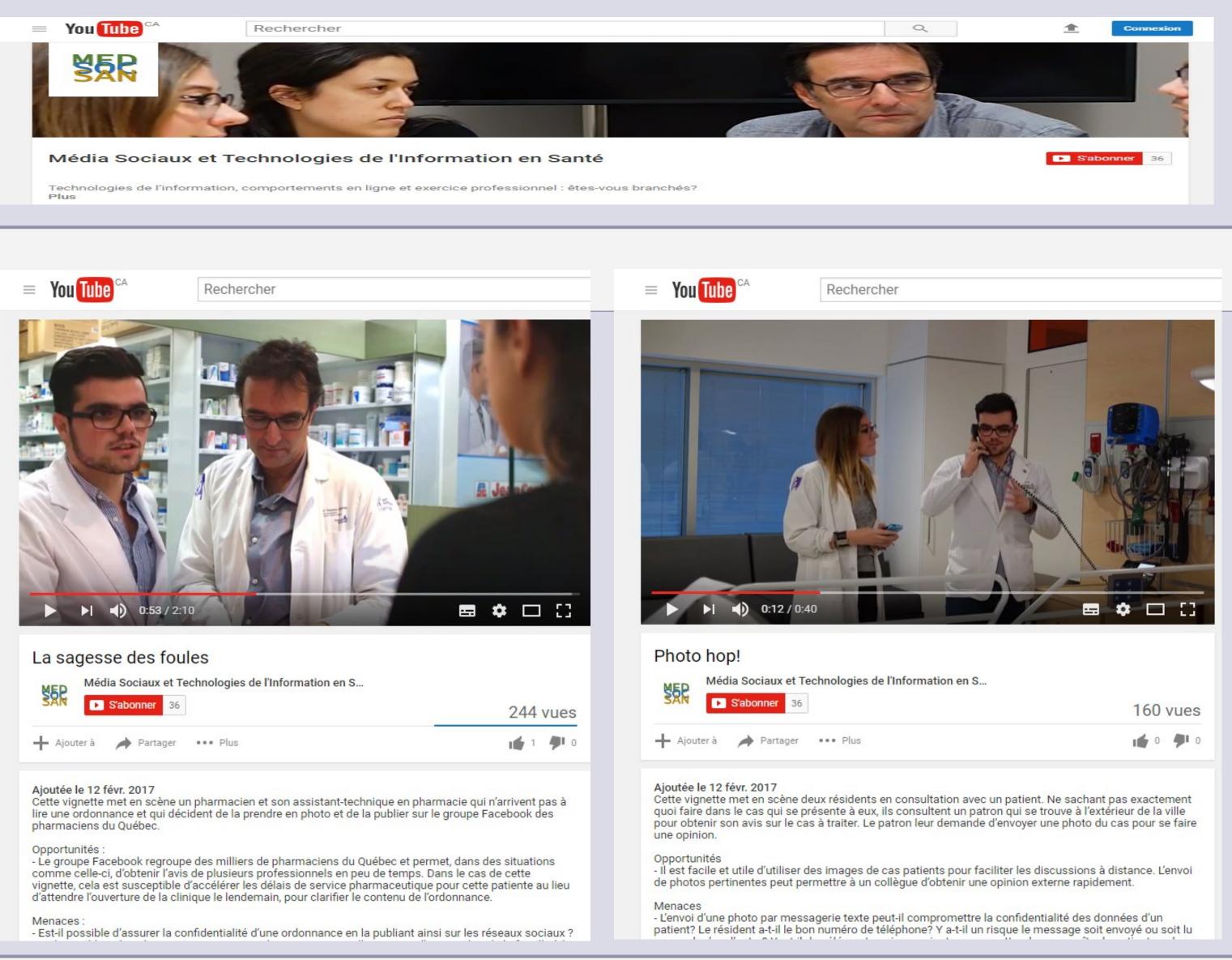
identified key topics, potential behaviors and current opportunities and threats.

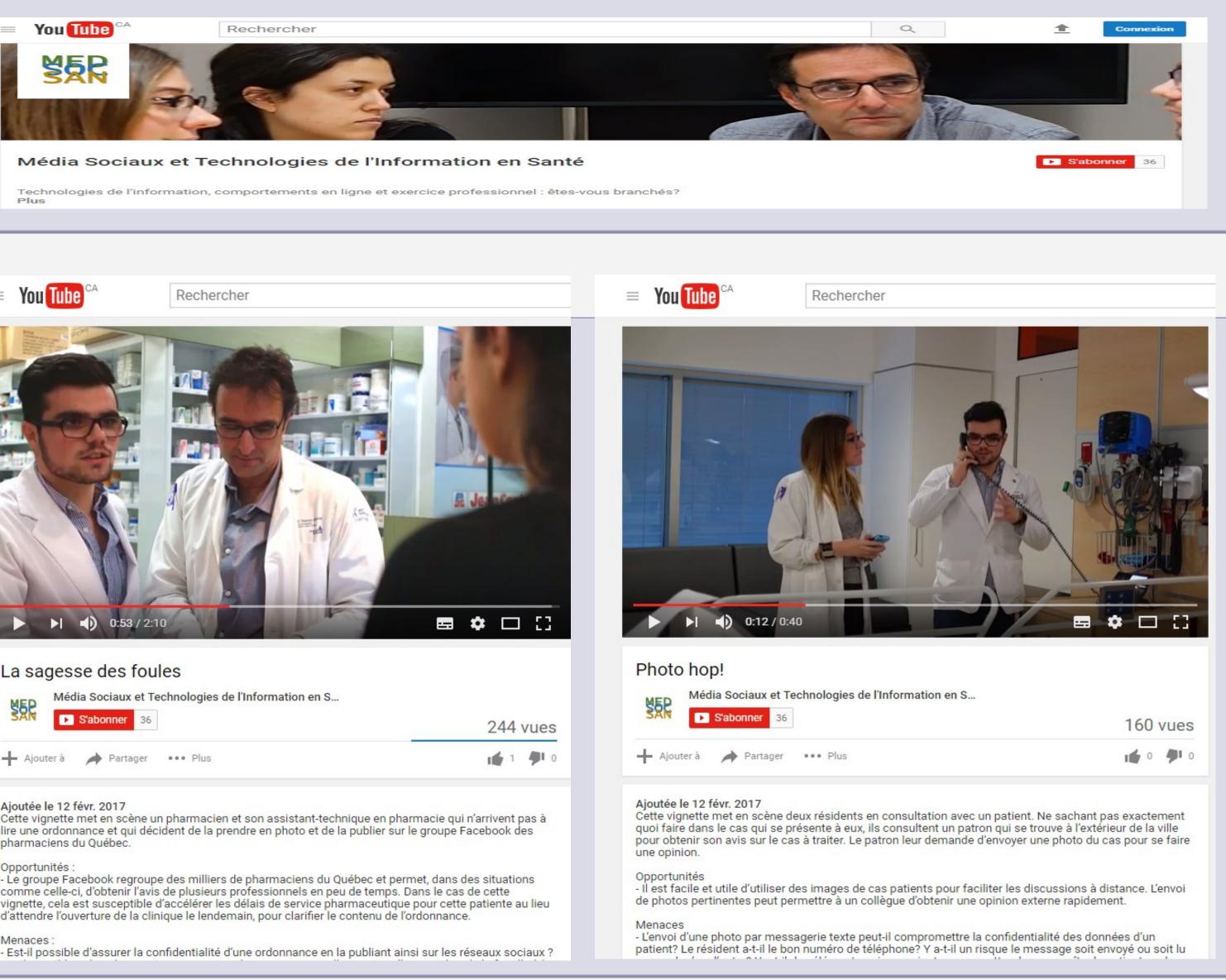
- For each targeted topic, the following elements were elaborated through a brainstorm of the research team: environment, theme, information technology used, key script elements for scenario, opportunities, threats.
- A pre-test script was recorded with a pharmacist and a research assistant.
- Locations were identified to mimic a retail pharmacy, a hospital and a teaching environment.
- Actors were provided a short scenario per vignette before filming. Vignettes were recorded in a 4-hour sequence with 2-3 shots/vignette; film editing was done to provide a less than 2 minutes vignette/script
- Vignettes were posted on a Youtube chain
- The initiative was diffused on blogs and a structured intervention was conducted in class with undergrad and M.Sc. phamacy students including a web questionnaire to describe their profile of the use of social media and their perceptions of the current initiative.

Results

- macists.







Development of 25 web vignettes about the use of social media and information technology in pharmacy

Denis Lebel¹, Émilie Mégrourèche^{1, 2}, Nicolas St-Onge^{1, 2}, Mélissa Coutu^{1, 2}, Jean-François Bussières^{1, 2} ¹ Unité de recherche en pratique pharmaceutique (URPP), Département de pharmacie, CHU Sainte-Justine, Montréal, Québec, Canada ² Faculté de pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Québec, Canada

• A total of 25 web vignettes (~ 20-160 seconds) were filmed in December 2016 in retail pharmacy settings (n=12), hospital settings (n=4) and teaching settings (n=8).

• For example, scenarios illustrated themes like patient-pharmacist relationship, pharmacy student-professor relationship, confidentiality, professional responsibility, freedom of expression, scientific publication, ethics, plagiarism, conflicts of interests.

• One vignette illustrated the "making of the project" while the 24 other vignettes illustrated seven traditional communication situations, including 19 electronical communication situations, a total of 20 opportunities and 23 threats.

• Each vignette was filmed up to three times by a cameraman (one pharmacist) with one to four actors (one pharmacist and three pharmacy students) and the best result for each was edited and published on Youtube.com.

• Short sequences were selected to keep viewers' attention.

• A discussion of key opportunities and threats about each vignette was written by the research team as a foot note of each vignette on the web to support future discussions.

• The vignettes were presented to pharmacy students during four different 30-minute class presentation. The youtube channel was also shared on Facebook with students and phar-

• After watching a few vignettes, pharmacists and pharmacy students were invited to respond to a nine-question survey to give their appreciation and perception of videos • A total of 461 pharmacy students and pharmacists anwered the survey

Table I - Perceptions of pharmacy students and pharmacists about the web vignettes

Statements

Social media and information technologies represent a threat lationship			
Social media and information technologies can boost product			
Social media and information technologyies can increase pro-			
Social media and information technologies can increase acces			
Social media and information technologies respond to a need			
Social media and information technologies jeopardize privacy			
Social media and information technologies allow a patient to the best time of their choice			
Social media and information technologies increase the risk of sence of electronic evidence			
Social media and information technologies can help better ser limiting travel			
I have received enough training in my university curriculum t and threats associated with social media and information tech			
I have received enough training from my professional order ties and threats associated with social media and information			
I feel comfortable using social media and information technol or pharmacist in my practice			
The web vignettes are very realistic			
The web vignettes have made me aware of the threats association formation technologies			
The video thumbnails showed me the opportunities associated mation technology			
The web vignettes made me think and made me questioned so			
The v, web vignettes will influence my behavior in the future			
I would like to be more mentored in my use of social media as			
on online best practices to better guide my behavior			

Discussion / Conclusion

It is feasible to develop and film 25 web vignettes about social media and information technology in pharmacy. The vignettes will be used as a support tool in the context of Pharm.D. and M.Sc. pharmacy curriculum.

Contact : jf.bussieres@ssss.gouv.qc.ca - Conflict of interest: None - Funding: Bourse du Cercle du Doyen - Faculté de Canada.





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	Totally	Partially
	agree	agree
to the pharmacist-patient re-	11.5%	50.1%
civity of pharmacists	24.6%	61.5%
ximity to patients	17.3%	55.3%
ss to health care	31.5%	54.0%
of pharmacy patients	19.9%	55.6%
У	30.9%	52.0%
refer to their pharmacist at	11.7%	47.0%
of prosecution with the pre-	39.5%	47.7%
rve remote areas cpatients by	32.6%	50.4%
to recognize the opportunities mologies	10.9%	40.2%
to recognize the opportuni- technologies	7.8%	24.4%
logyies as a student, resident	14.8%	42.3%
	47.0%	45.5%
ated with social media and in-	52.0%	44.0%
d with social media and infor-	39.2%	51.8%
ome of my behaviors online	36.9%	49.5%
	28.9%	59.9%
nd have access to guidelines	47.6%	40.6%