# External contamination of antineoplastic drugs vials on the Canadian market

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## Background

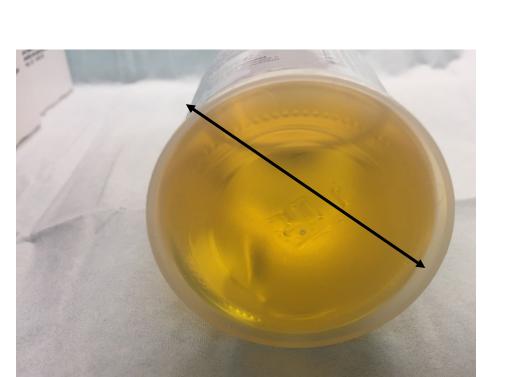
- Antineoplastic drugs traces can be measured on healthcare centers' surfaces.
- The exterior of vials is contaminated with drug traces; this contributes to the exposure of workers.
- Workers that are occupationaly exposed to antineoplastic drugs and other hazardous drugs are at risk of adverse health effects.

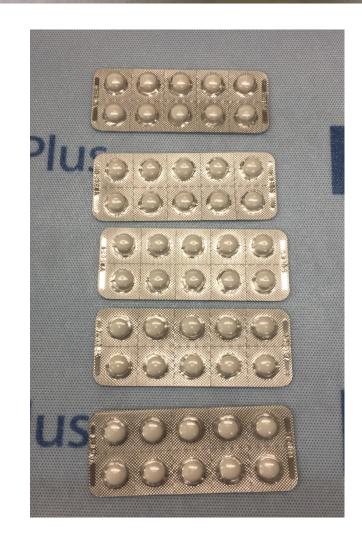
## Objectives

• The aim of the study was to determinate the contamination of the exterior of antineoplastic drug vials on the Canadian market.

#### Methods

- Period: between January and March 2018
- One wholesaler and four different oncology pharmacies in Quebec were targeted.
- Nine molecules were measured: cyclophosphamide, docetaxel, fluorouracil, gemcitabine, ifosfamide, irinotecan, methotrexate, paclitaxel and vinorelbine
- One wipe was used to sample the external surface of five vials from the same manufacturer, dose and batch.
- For each vial, the external surface, the septum and the bottom were sampled with each side of a wipe.
- Analysis were performed by UPLC-MS-MS by the INSPQ.









Concentration

(ng/cm<sup>2</sup>)

#### able 1. Limits of detection and quantification

Antineoplastic drug	Limit of detection (ng/cm²)	Limit of quantification (ng/cm²)
Cyclophosphamide	0.0010	0.0033
Docetaxel	0.30	0.30
5-Fluorouracile	0.0400	0.1400
Gemcitabine	0.001	0.001
Ifosfamide	0.004	0.0055
Irinotecan	0.0030	0.006
Methotrexate	0.0020	0.0060
Paclitaxel	0.04	0.1200
Vinorelbine	0.01	0.0120

#### Results

Table 2. Contamination measured on the exterior of vials

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Drug, drug dose or concentration, manufacturer	Concentration (ng/cm²)		
Cyclophosphamide, 2000 mg, Baxter®	0.024		
Cyclophosphamide <sup>1</sup> , 50 mg, Baxter®	0.020		
Docetaxel, 10 mg/mL, Sandoz®	<lod< td=""></lod<>		
Gemcitabine <sup>2</sup> , 1 g, Accord®	0.14		
Gemcitabine, 1 g, Pfizer®	2.0		
5-Fluorouracile, 50 mg/mL, Sandoz®	0.090		
5-Fluorouracile, 50 mg/mL, Accord®	0.050		
Ifosfamide, 3g, Baxter®	<lod< td=""></lod<>		
Ifosfamide, 3g, Baxter®	<lod< td=""></lod<>		
Irinotecan <sup>2</sup> , 20 mg/mL, Accord®	0.0030		
Irinotecan <sup>2</sup> , 20 mg/mL, Accord®	0.038		
Irinotecan, 20 mg/mL, Pfizer®	0.029		
Methotrexate, 25 mg/mL, Hospira®	0.0078		
Methotrexate <sup>2</sup> , 25 mg/mL, Hospira®	0.017		
Methotrexate, 10 mg/mL, Hospira®	0.015		
Methotrexate <sup>2</sup> , 25 mg/mL, Novopharm®	0.0030		
Methotrexate, 25 mg/mL Novopharm®	<lod< td=""></lod<>		
Methotrexate, 25 mg/mL Accord®	0.018		
Paclitaxel, 6 mg/mL Biolyse®	0.060		
Paclitaxel, 6 mg/mL Sandoz®	<lod< td=""></lod<>		
Vinorelbine, 10 mg/mL Pfizer®	<lod< td=""></lod<>		
<sup>1</sup> Blister packaging; <sup>2</sup> Plastic cover on vials; LOD <sup>1</sup> Limit of detection			

- 21 samples (100 vials and 5 blisters)
- 9 different manufacturers

Sixteen (76.2%) samples were cross

Amaximum value of 0.20 ng/cm<sup>2</sup> of 5-

fluorouracile was measured on an

contaminated with other

antineoplastic drugs

gemcitabine vial

- External contamination was found on 15 samples (71.4%)
- Extreme values : <LOD—272 ng/cm²</li>
  for gemcitabine vials

Table 3. Cross contamination of vials with other drugs

Drug

measured

Drug vial sampled

5-Fluorouracile	Irinotecan	0.19
Gemcitabine	Docetaxel	0.0049
	5-Fluorouracile	0.0035
	5-Fluorouracile	0.021
	Irinotecan	0.011
	Irinotecan	0.20
	Irinotecan	0.17
	Methotrexate	0.0029
	Methotrexate	0.063
	Paclitaxel	0.013
	Vinorelbine	0.0023
Irinotecan	Methotrexate	0.003
Methotrexate	Cyclophosphamide	0.046
	Gemcitabine	0.0079
	Irinotecan	0.003
	Vinorelbine	0.003

### Discussion / Conclusion

- ◆ 50% of the containers were contaminated with at least one antineoplastic drug
- Vials were sampled after their receipt, thus any contamination measured at this step came from the manufacturing process or the wholesaler storage.
- Shipment receipt is one important entry point of environemental contamination with antineoplastic drugs in healthcare settings.
- Manufacturers and wholesalers shouls ensure that vials are cleaned before they are shipped.
- Gloves must be worn by healthcare workers receiving hazardous drugs.
- Vials should also be cleaned upon receipt.

References: NIOSH List of Antineoplastic and Other Hazardous Drugs in Healthcare Settings, 2016. 42. ; Fleury-Souverain S, Nussbaumer S, Mattiuzzo M, et al. Determination of the external contamination and cross-contamination by cytotoxic drugs on the surfaces of vials available on the Swiss market. Journal of Oncology Pharmacy Practice 2014; 20: 100–111. ; Favier B, Gilles L, Ardiet C, et al. External contamination of vials containing cytotoxic agents supplied by pharmaceutical manufacturers. Journal of Oncology Pharmacy Practice 2003; 9: 15–20.

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